

State Policy Approaches to Address Gas Stove Pollution

Carbon-Free Buildings
August 2023



Transforming the global energy system to secure a clean, prosperous, zero-carbon future for all.



Disclaimer for Partner Use:

This presentation is for informational purposes only. It does not represent our recommendations, but rather, our best understanding to date of the landscape of potential policy approaches available to state governments to mitigate the negative air quality and health impacts of gas stoves. Details may be modified in the future and viable approaches may vary by state.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Context / Background
- 2. Electric Stoves + Ventilation as Solutions
- 3. Potential State Policy Approaches



TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Context / Background
 - Mounting Scientific Evidence Connecting Gas Stoves to:
 - Combustion Pollution and Poor Indoor Air Quality
 - Health Risks to Low-Income Households and Children
 - Groundswell of Public Attention
- 2. Electric Stoves + Ventilation as Solutions
- 3. Potential State Policy Approaches









HEALTH EFFECTS FROM GAS STOVE POLLUTION



Gas stoves are an overlooked health risk



Release similar pollutants as cars



Lower-income households likely at higher risk



Not universally required to be vented outside



42% increased risk of asthma symptoms for children in homes with gas stoves



50+ years of health studies showing the risk of cooking with gas



Similar to the asthma risk of kids living with a smoker



In the US, 1 out of 3 homes cook with gas.

Gas Stoves Release				
Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)	Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5})	Benzene (C ₆ H ₆)	
What is it?				
Odorless, invisible gas	Reddish-brown to colorless gas	Inhalable particles 2.5 microns in diameter or smaller	Colorless, sweet-smelling liquid or vapor	
	What are the health impacts?			
CO poisoning, ranging from mild to fatal Studies are investigating risks of long-term, low-level exposure to CO	Inflames lining of the lungs Linked to asthma development & can aggravate respiratory symptoms	Can penetrate the lungs and blood stream Linked to asthma, respiratory inflammation, & premature death	Linked with higher cancer risk Studies have also found harm to respiratory, nervous, and reproductive systems	

+ methane, formaldehyde, & others

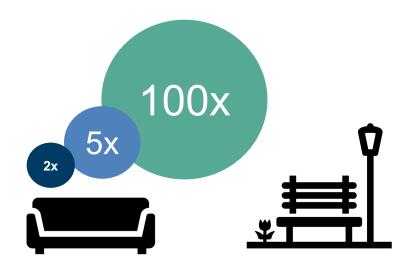
Indoor air quality is often worse than outdoor air

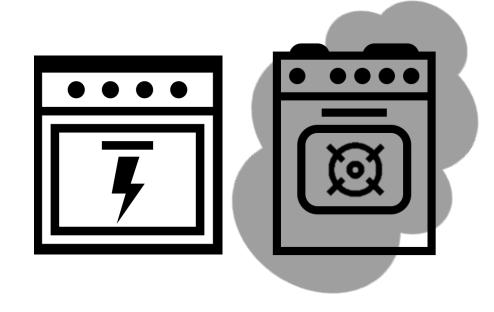
We spend up to 90% of our time indoors

EPA states indoor pollutant levels may be 2 to 5 and as much as 100 times higher indoors than outdoors

Homes with gas stoves have
50 - 400% higher NO₂ emissions
than homes with electric stoves







Indoor NO₂ Emissions from Gas Stoves Often Exceed Outdoor Standards

Outdoor Standards for NO ₂	1-hr average (ppb)
US National Standard (EPA)	100
Canadian National Standard	60
California State Standard	180
Indoor Guidelines for NO ₂	1-hr average (ppb)
Canada	90
World Health Organization	106

Measured NO ₂ Emissions from Gas Stoves	Peak (ppb)
Baking cake in oven	230
Roasting meat in oven	296
Frying bacon	104
Boiling water	184
Gas cooktop - no food	82–300
Gas oven - no food	130–546



Lower-income Households May be at a Higher Risk of Exposure to Gas Stove Pollution

FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO HIGHER LEVELS OF NO₂ IN HOMES:





Using the stove/ oven for supplemental heat





Higher exposure to outdoor pollution



Older homes, inadequate ventilation



Greater asthma
burden

Living in a home with a gas stove increases the risk of asthma in children

42% increased risk of experiencing asthma symptoms

24% increased risk of being diagnosed with asthma by a doctor

32% increased risk of experiencing symptoms & being diagnosed by a doctor

Children are more susceptible to air pollution than adults.

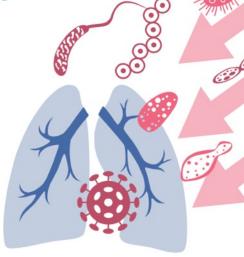
3 main reasons:



Higher **breathing rates** and more **physical activity**

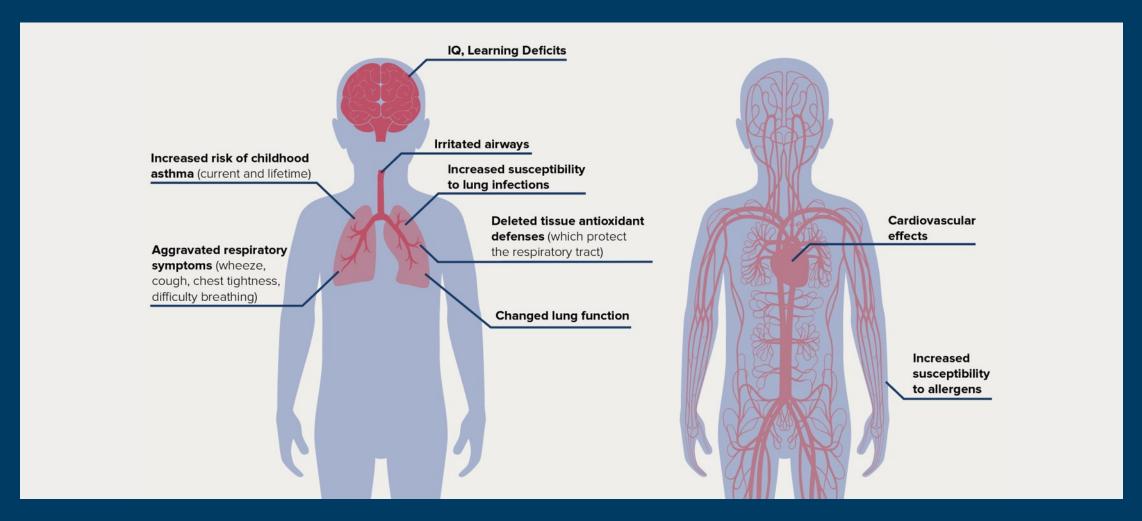


Higher lung
surface to body ratios
and smaller bodies



Immature lungs and immune systems

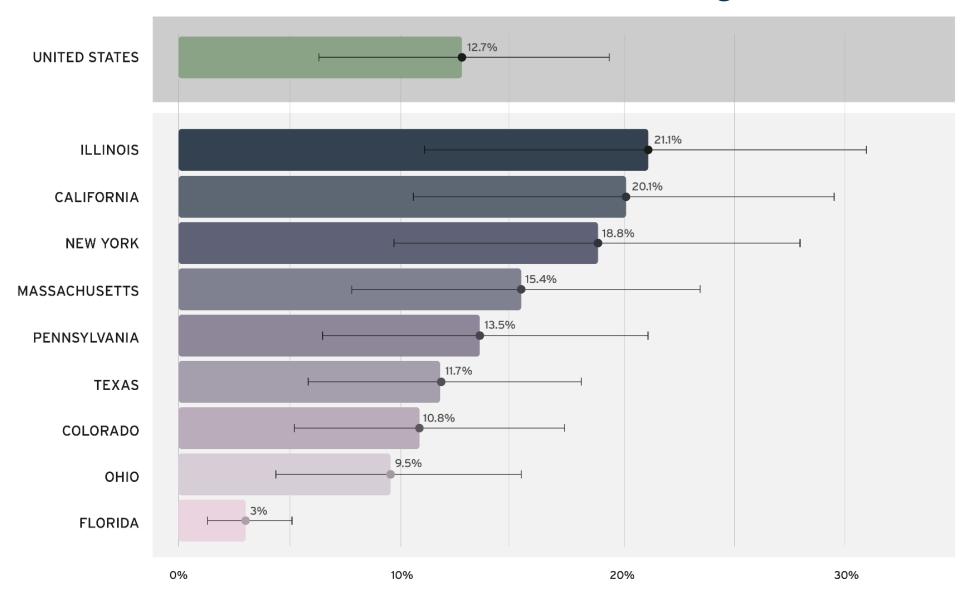
Health effects of NO₂ in children may include:



of current childhood asthma in the US is attributable to gas stove use.

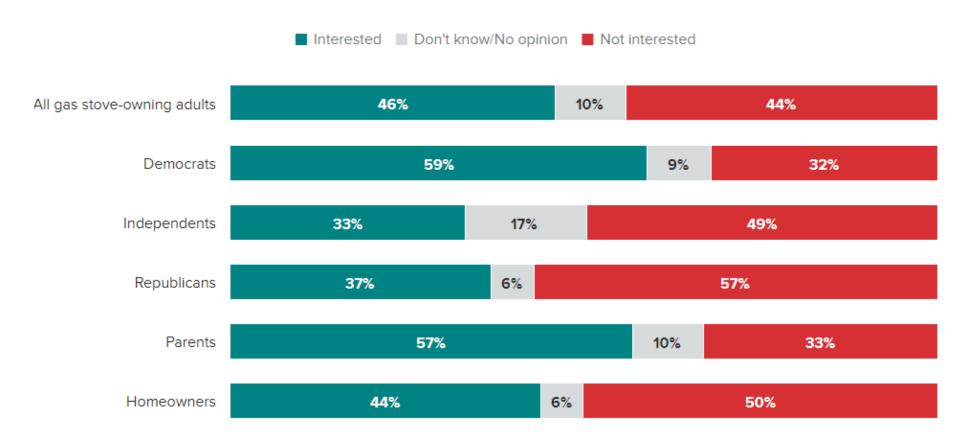
Several states have even higher numbers than the national rate, including Illinois (21.1%), California (20.1%), New York (18.8%), Massachusetts (15.4%) and Pennsylvania (13.5%).

Population Attributable Fraction of Current Childhood Asthma Associated with Gas Stove Usage



Many Gas Stove-Owning Parents Show Interest In Replacing Their Unit After Seeing Study Showing Link to Childhood Asthma

Gas stove owners were asked if they would be interested in replacing their unit after being informed of an RMI study that found that 1 in 8 cases of asthma in children were believed to be cause by natural gas stove pollution.





Survey conducted January 18-19, 2023, among a sample of 924 US adults who own a gas stove, with an unweighted margin of error of \pm -3 percentage points.

Medical and public health groups are speaking up

















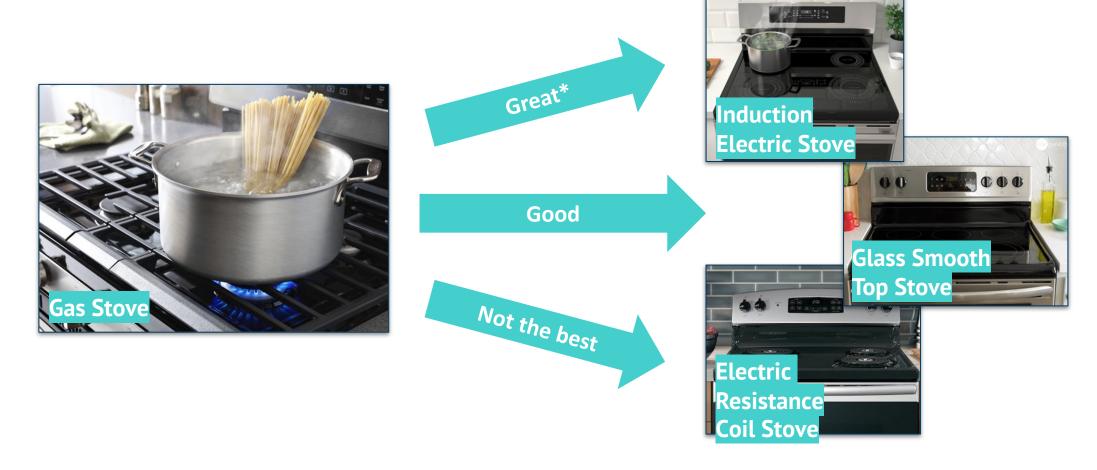




TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Context / Background
- 2. Electric Stoves + Ventilation as Solutions
- 3. Potential State Policy Approaches

Transition from gas to electric stoves



Ensure healthy levels of ventilation

Hoods vented to the outdoors are more effective than the more common recirculating hoods

Differentiated ventilation requirements protect households with gas stoves

Automatic ventilation may become a common solution helping to overcome low use of hoods





TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. Context / Background
- 2. Electric Stoves + Ventilation as Solutions
- 3. Potential State Policy Approaches
 - Educating & Protecting the Public
 - Empowering Consumers
 - Prioritizing Tenant Protections
 - Unlocking Funding

Educating & Protecting the Public

Policy Approach	Potential Authority Figure(s)	Example(s) / Precedent
1A. Hearings/investigations on gas stove health impacts	 Legislatures Public Health Agencies Air Agencies Building Code Agencies Governor (Exec Order) Attorneys General 	 EPA/CPSC 1986 CARB ZEAS Rulemaking , IAQ Nov 2020, Scoping Plan, IAQ May 2022 SCAQMD AQMP 2022
1B. Investigation into misrepresentations by gas utilities and/or gas stove manufacturers	State Attorneys General offices (and city/county counsel)Consumer Protection Agencies	 CA <u>Public Advocates Office</u> Attorneys General on CPSC's <u>Gas Stove action</u>
1C. Updated guidelines on indoor air quality	Air AgenciesPublic Health DepartmentsOccupational Health Agencies	 World Health Organization Health Canada Illinois Public Health Dept.

Educating & Protecting the Public, cont'd

Policy Approach	Potential Authority Figure(s)	Example(s) / Precedent
1D. Warning labels on gas stoves	 Legislature Public Health Agencies Consumer Protection Agencies Courts 	 Illinois Gas Stoves CPSC Labeling Requirements Prop 65 Statute
1E. Differentiated ventilation standards w/extra ventilation required for gas compared to electric	Building Commissions	<u>California Energy</u><u>Commission</u><u>Washington State</u>
1F. Require gas stoves to be sold/installed with companion hoods [possibly automatic ventilation required]	 Building Commissions Public Health, Occupational Health, or Air Agencies 	Automatic ventilation

Empowering Consumers

Policy Approach	Potential Authority Figure(s)	Example(s) / Precedent
2A. Voluntary gas stove recalls (i.e., manufacturers must replace gas stoves upon consumer request)	Consumer Protection AgenciesLegislature	 Gas Stove <u>Carbon</u> <u>Monoxide</u> and <u>Gas</u> <u>Leak/Fire</u> Recalls
2B. Require home warranty companies to offer homeowners option to replace gas with electric stoves	Consumer Protection AgenciesLegislature	• Colorado <u>HB23-1134</u>

Prioritizing Tenant Protections

Policy Approach	Potential Authority Figure(s)	Example(s) / Precedent
3A. Mandated landlord-tenant disclosure of gas risks/ventilation need upon move-in	LegislatureState affordable housing agencies	• <u>Federal & State</u> <u>Disclosures</u>
3B. Landlord obligation to remediate health risk, especially for asthmatic residents (e.g., providing induction hot plate or better ventilation)	 Legislature Courts (e.g., implied warranty of habitability) 	 Implied Warranty of Habitability NYC Local Law 55 of 2018 – Asthma-free Housing

Unlocking Funding

Policy Approach	Potential Authority Figure(s)	Example(s) / Precedent
4A. Unlocking new funding & incentives for tenants to electrify, undertake health protective steps	 Budget Committee Federal or State Dept of Finance, Energy, Buildings 	• IRA tax rebates
4B. Medicaid funding for gas appliance retrofits & other health protective actions	State Medicaid Office	 Medicaid Reimbursement for Home-Based Asthma Services Medi-Cal bill Contra Costa Asthma Initiative
4C. State procurement (i.e., no state funds on gas stoves)	Governor (Exec Order)Legislature	HUD GRRP no FF appliances
4D. State financing of non-state-owned facilities	Governor (Exec Order)Legislature	
4E. Funding support or indoor air quality requirements for public housing	Housing authoritiesCities	 MA <u>Public Housing Healthy</u> <u>Homes Initiatives</u> NYCHA <u>Induction Challenge</u>

